AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 12, 2014

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2013–14 REGULAR SESSION

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 111

Introduced by Assembly Member Levine

February 24, 2014

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 111—Relative to Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 111, as amended, Levine. Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month. This measure would designate the month of March 2014 as Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month.

Fiscal committee: no.

12

13

WHEREAS, Colorectal cancer is the second leading cause of 1 cancer deaths in California, with 14,255 new cases and 5,2655 5,265 deaths expected in 2014; and WHEREAS, Colorectal cancer is treatable, curable, and in many 4 cases, completely preventable; and WHEREAS, When colorectal cancers are detected at an early 7 stage, survival is 95 percent; and 8 WHEREAS, There were approximately one million colorectal 9 cancer survivors in the United States in 2002; and WHEREAS, Colorectal cancer is known as a silent killer because 10 11 symptoms only show up in the later stages of the disease; and

prevented or, if found early, treated and cured; and

WHEREAS, With proper screening, colorectal cancer can be

 $ACR 111 \qquad \qquad -2 -$

 WHEREAS, In-2012, 2010, only 51 percent of California adults 50 years and older had received colorectal cancer screening according to the guidelines; and

WHEREAS, According to the United States Preventative Services Task Force, access to appropriate use of colorectal cancer screening tests, such as colonoscopy, sigmoidoscopy, and fecal occult blood test (FOBT)/fecal immunochemical test (FIT), could reduce death rates of colon cancer up to 66 percent; and

WHEREAS, According to the American Cancer Society, in 2011, only about—43 45 percent of colorectal cancers were diagnosed at an early, more treatable and curable stage; and

WHEREAS, The uninsured, underinsured, and underserved are least likely to get screening for colorectal cancer, which means they are more likely to be diagnosed at a late stage when chances of survival drop to 13 percent; and

WHEREAS, Colorectal cancer screening is one of the most cost-effective prevention measures in health care, more cost-effective than breast or prostate cancer screening; and

WHEREAS, African Americans have the highest colorectal cancer incidence and mortality rates of all racial groups in this country; and

WHEREAS, In California, colorectal cancer is the second most common cancer among Korean, Hispanic, Japanese, South Asian, Kampuchean, and Hmong men, and the second most common cancer among Chinese, Filipino, Hispanic, Japanese, Korean, Laotian, Vietnamese, and Kampuchean women; and

WHEREAS, The California Colorectal Cancer Coalition (C4) is a nonprofit organization established to increase colorectal cancer screening rates in an effort to decrease mortality associated with the disease, and implement strategies to reduce disparities in colorectal cancer screening, diagnosis, and treatment among underserved populations in California; and

WHEREAS, The California Colorectal Cancer Coalition (C4) encourages Californians to discuss the colorectal cancer screening test that is best for them with their doctors and believes that the best test is the one you have done; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, That the Legislature designates the month of March 2014 as Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month; and be it further

3 **ACR 111**

- *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.